

# LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.

VOLUME XIX.

Daily Democrat.

TERMS OF THE DAILY DEMOCRAT  
TO THE COUNTRY.

ONE YEAR..... \$1.00  
SIX MONTHS..... .50  
ONE MONTH..... .25

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.  
We are looking for agents of a local  
and permanent character in the States. Will you  
act, or procure the services of some efficient person in  
our behalf? Believing that the circulation of the  
Democrat may be materially extended, we make this  
appeal to our friends in its behalf.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.  
FOR GOVERNOR.  
HON. CHARLES A. WICKLIFFE.

The Democratic Ticket.  
We wish no antagonism with any who cor-  
dially desire a restoration of the Union as it  
was, with the Constitution as our fathers made  
and understood it. We differ, as to the means  
to accomplish this end, with many.

We have hoped for the success of the Gov-  
ernment in putting down the rebellion by all  
constitutional means; and we could tolerate  
differences of opinion and indeed wrongs that  
we would not justify, provided in the main  
the cause made any progress; but means that  
seem to us certain to destroy and not to save,  
we cannot endure, or remain silent whilst they  
are prosecuted.

We do not believe in any Government of the  
United States outside of the Constitution. There is a party North who agree with us in  
this whole terrible difficulty. The South has  
not now and never had any cause of quarrel  
with them. It is with this party we propose  
to unite our efforts to restore the Government.  
Between the Republicans North and the South  
there is an irreconcileable conflict which there  
is no power in this country to settle.

Those who believe in widening the breach  
in aggravating the difference and uniting the  
whole South in a unanimous resistance, and  
crushing them all out by force, may be very  
sincere, but they must excuse us when we say  
that in our opinion they have undertaken a  
job that there is no power on earth to accom-  
plish.

The sword may make opportunities for set-  
tlement, but in a contest such as this the  
sword alone will never do it.

For the last twenty years the Democrats of  
the free States have held in check the radical  
element in the North, with which any affiliation  
South is impracticable. The disunionists  
of the South declare this to be the fact; and it's  
the constitutional, magnanimous policy of the  
Democrats that they dread. The Richmond  
Enquirer, of the 8th of March last, said:

We wish from our hearts that they were  
both (Yankees and Co.) already safely  
clipped at the present writing; they have  
done us more harm—they and their like—than  
ten thousand rebels and Sumners. \*

To be plain, we fear and distrust far more  
these apparently friendly advances of the  
Democrats than the open hostility of philo-  
slavery Republicans. The Democratic  
party always was our worst enemy, and  
will be again if ever we let them get back.

There was an irreconcileable con-  
flict between two different civilizations; they  
were no more able to live peacefully together  
in one Government than two hands can wear  
one glove."—[Richmond Enquirer.]

The Richmond Enquirer is the official organ  
of the Jeff. Davis Government.

It is no reply to this to tell us that the rebels  
applaud the speeches of Democrats. Our  
fathers applauded the speeches of Pitt and  
Burke in the British Parliament. Their  
counsel would have postponed the revolution.  
The counsel of these Democrats would have pre-  
vented this rebellion. They were not li-  
tigated to, and hence these evasions.

We expect to restore the Union and live  
in peace with the North, the first step is to  
unite with the men North who always have  
stood up to the constitutional rights of the  
South, who now fulfill their obligations  
with the Southern States, notwithstanding  
the provocation of this rebellion.

We, therefore, invite those who agree with  
us to see to it that the representatives of these  
principles are chosen to the public counsels.

We know that this movement is in accord-  
ance with the general sentiment of this State.  
We know that the mass of the Union party  
agree with us; but their organization has no  
distinctive connection with any party North,  
which is indecipherable. If we expect a restora-  
tion of the Union,

Hon. R. D. Owen has spread himself out  
at length in the Atlantic Monthly on the  
emancipation question. He has come to the  
conclusion now that Congress can abolish  
slavery in all the States, and ought to do it. He  
drops the plea of military necessity, and goes  
back to the Constitution, and by hard logic  
makes out the power of Congress to do it.

Congress can do anything convenient and  
necessary to carry out any expressly granted  
power, provided the means used are not ex-  
pressly forbidden by the Constitution.

The logic runs smoothly. The rebellion ex-  
ists only in the slave States. It started and is  
supported in the interests of slavery. The  
protection of property in slaves was the  
expense for the rebellion. The interest in slavery  
and the support it gives rebels keeps the re-  
bellion alive.

Congress has power, then, to abolish slavery  
as a means to end the rebellion. This means  
is adapted to the purpose, sad, therefore, is  
the logic. What can be plainer? Who could  
refute such logic as that? By the same logic  
Congress could enslave white men, and hang  
a score or two without a trial, and suspend the  
Constitution altogether. It may be a means  
to the end, in the judgment of Congress, and  
Congress is the judge on that point. This  
simple *reductio ad absurdum*, however, will  
not disturb the equanimity of Mr. Owen or his  
school. This same principle of adapting  
means to the end, with no restraint but the  
discretion of Congress, changes our Govern-  
ment. It is revolutionary. Logic that runs  
thus deep must be chopped off. The reserved  
rights of States are sacred ground that the Federal Government has no right to  
encroach upon. So the common sense and  
statesmanship of this country would conclude.

But Owen is a simple child of logic. The  
firmness of logic has led him into a corner in this  
queer world of ours. He started out a skeptic  
of the scoffing sort. Once upon a time he  
wrote and published a remarkable book on a  
subject not to be named. Afterward, he took  
a fancy for Democratic doctrines, and was for  
a time a good advocate of the party. He went  
to Europe in a responsible office, which he  
was very competent to fill, and has come home  
a Spiritualist. He has published a book—  
*Footfalls on the Boundaries of Another  
World*—which is worth reading for its agree-  
able style and curious facts. From believing  
nothing, he has come to believe a vast deal of  
the marvelous. He is just the man to be led  
away by his logic into absurdities, and see  
nothing but the therefore. He does not see  
that this use of implied powers in the Federal  
Government calls the whole theory of the  
Federal Government by the roots, and makes  
State power nothing at all.

This logical infamy is catching; it is esp-  
ecial among the old men of the South.

GREEN OLD AGE, MALE AND FEMALE—  
Humphrey Anthony, of South Adams, Mass.,  
in his ninety-fifth year, laid a red of stone  
wall one day last. A smart old gentle-  
man, Widow Mehitable Potter, of the same  
place, completed her one hundredth year on  
Tuesday last, and makes her own bed yet.  
That's more than some sixteen-year-old fe-  
males do in these days.

BOWLINGGREEN, KENTUCKY, June 23, 1863.

John H. Harney, Editor Louisville Democrat:

The conservative men of Warren county,  
those who agree in sentiment with the North-  
ern Democracy, want an opportunity for voting  
for Hon. Judge Hinman for Congress, in this  
third District. Judge Hinman is known to  
the people as true to their interests; will keep  
his pledges to support the Union and Constitu-  
tion, and cannot be bought away by money.

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The New York Herald says it now pro-  
cures paper "for twelve or even eleven and a  
half cents per pound."

The prospects in regard to fruit and ve-  
getables generally are very favorable in all the  
States.

VOTERS OF WARREN.

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY: THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 25, 1863.

NUMBER 241.

## ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

Encouragement of Industry.  
Alexander Fraser Tytler, Professor of His-  
tory in the University of Edinburgh, in his  
elements of history, published many years ago,  
thus sums up the elements of the national  
prosperity of the Empire since the reign of  
Henry VIII:

"The vast increase of the national wealth of  
Britain, appears chiefly, first, from the in-  
crease of population, which is supposed to be  
nearly five to one, in the course of the century;  
and secondly, from the great extension of the  
territory, which increased the national com-  
mercial shipping, at least six fold within the  
same four; fourth, from the comparative low  
rate of interest, which is demonstrative of the  
increase of wealth. \* \* \* From general  
experience, we may infer, that the wealth of  
a nation increases in proportion to its popula-  
tion, and to the extent of its commerce; and  
so also to the freedom of navigation; and  
so also to the extent of its agriculture; and  
so also to the extent of its manufactures; and  
so also to the extent of its arts and sciences; and  
so also to the extent of its political influence."

Some of the Fifty-second's went over to  
dig potatoes at Barre's Landing, La., and  
dog up in gold, red hide, treasure.

They were honest enough to turn it over to  
Uncle Sam.

The "Essex Statesman" is the title of a new  
newspaper published at Salem by Edgar Marchant, Esq. It is beautifully printed,  
and displays in its editorial columns scholar-  
ship, talents, and patriotic principles which  
entitles it to high consideration and wide suc-  
cess.

They talk a great deal about the power of  
the Emperor of France in Rome. Why, we  
know a Yankee merchant—a Bostonian—who  
has ten times as many Romans in his service  
as Napoleon—people there who never heard  
of Bonaparte buy their dinners every day with  
the money they pay them.

In New York, early Monday morning,  
Mary Lynch stabbed her mother several times,  
because she was "all the time bothering her."

There is a Loyal League organization in  
every ward in Philadelphia, but up to Tuesday  
night not one of them had volunteered for the  
defense of the State.

It seems that the President had another  
fright on Saturday last. With Gen. Meigs  
and one or two others he took a special boat  
for Aquia Creek to visit Hooker's army, soon  
after which Stanton dispatched a tug after him,  
with information that the enemy was moving,  
whereupon he ordered his boat back to Washington without delay.

The pirate Semmes claims to have de-  
stroyed 74 Northern vessels. He is reported  
as waiting for the splendid new craft just built  
for him in England.

The news from Vicksburg is intense heat,  
more siege guns, and indomitable energy on  
Grant's part.

The New York Seventh regiment turned  
out 700 strong to repel the invader. Their  
march down Broadway was not the triumph  
of one other day. People begin to discrimi-  
nate between carpet knights and bronzed,  
war-worn soldiers.

The most distinguished act on the part of  
the late Col. Hampton, of South Carolina, was  
to give "the downfall of the American Union"  
as a toast at a dinner party in New York some  
years ago.

Gov. Curtin, the Secretary of State, and  
other high functionaries were busily engaged  
all Tuesday night in Harrisburg, packing up  
the archives, portraits, and other valuables for  
removal immediately to Philadelphia for safety.  
The State Library has been packed up and  
sent to Pottsville.

The Richmond correspondent of the Lon-  
don Times says the stories of the ill-health of  
Jeff Davis are true. "His Excellency" the  
red hebel is suffering under a severe bron-  
chial affection. His cough is "exhaustive and  
distressing."

Heenan, accompanied by Tom Sayers, is  
expected to arrive in New York next month.  
It is said the latter is to be Heenan's second in  
the prize battle between King and Heenan.

Zaymater Mason had arrived at Port  
Royal previous to June 13th, with a million  
and a half in greenbacks, to pay off the troops  
in that department.

Ex-Secretary of War Cameron, at Harris-  
burg on Monday, offered to pay in full the  
One Hundred and Twenty-seventh Regiment  
during the whole time their services were  
needed in defense of the State.

"Did Smith and Jones come to blows last  
evening?" inquired Quill of gentleman who  
had witnessed a quarrel between the parties  
above names. "No," said he, "the combat  
was waged exclusively with words." "I am  
glad to hear," said Quill, "that it was merely a  
public skirmish."

In shipping a lot of cattle over the New  
Albany and Salem Railroad, on Wednesday last,  
eighty of the cattle smothered to death.

Hamilton Smith, of Cannetton, has offered  
to donate the ground upon which to erect  
a monument to perpetuate the memory and  
deeds of those soldiers from Perry county,  
Ind., who shall fall in the service of their country.

He will also furnish every facility in  
his power for procuring the necessary materials;  
will do all the team work necessary,  
and subscribe as much besides as any gen-  
tleman in Perry county.

The Commercial Bulletin says the Gov-  
ernment, with ample means (we are stating  
the expressed opinions of our most eminent  
ship owners), has failed to produce a single  
vessel of war capable of being propelled by  
steam at the rate of sixteen knots, while the  
rebels, with the aid of their British allies,  
have in the same time fifteen three-deckers;

the "200" alias the "Alabama," "Orto," alias  
"Florida," and "Japan," alias "Virginia,"  
which are now destroying our commerce with  
impunity. And our neighbor might have  
added the fourth, "Georgia."

Brigadier General George Washington  
Jones, of Dubuque, Iowa, has it stated,  
and Mr. Seward for imprisonment in Fort  
Lafayette. Jones had been minister to Bogota,  
under Buchanan, and while there had a  
correspondence with Jefferson Davis and others,  
continuing after the formation of the  
Southern Confederacy.

The earthquake that was lately experi-  
enced in many places in Vermont was also  
felt in New York. Lake Champlain "shook  
all over," and the fish jumped out of the water  
in alarm.

On the railroads of the South move  
now slowly. The tracks are very much worn,  
and under repair for the summer. Some  
are all mica and less dislodged. This fact  
constitutes a grave disadvantage to the Con-  
federacy, not only in its bearing on the  
people who may produce mischief, but also  
to the people how much they may buy with  
their money.

Who is Jay Cooke? We wonder if he  
isn't somebody's relation?

A gentleman of Saginaw, who had long  
been affianced to a young lady of Detroit,  
arrived there a few days ago for the purpose of  
commemorating his nuptial engagement. The  
wedding-day was fixed, a minister engaged,  
and friends invited to take part in the mar-  
riage ceremony, before the would-be bridegroom  
had even appeared.

But this calculation of saving for the gross  
mismanagement of our finances—is that a  
bonding of the currency was necessary to pre-  
vent an inflation of the currency, that there  
might not be an excess of money among the  
people. Who is to know how much currency  
is enough? Who will assume that a certain  
amount is too little, and that a certain other  
amount is too much? It is not difficult to  
determine that a few hundred millions loaned  
to the people to enable them to pay for their  
own necessities will be more than enough.

Well, the four hundred millions now being  
received for bonds by Jay Cooke could have  
been loaned out to the people to enable them  
to pay for their necessities. The people would  
have received but six to ten per cent, while  
now the people have to be taxed eighteen  
percent to enable the banks to get from  
twelve to fifteen per cent for their money,  
and all under the false pretext of reducing the  
circulation to a healthy standard!

But this calculation is based on an  
six per cent. interest, when, in reality, the  
interest is about nine per cent., considering  
the price of gold when the loans were taken. This  
would make the amount now needlessly ex-  
pended for interest, and which ought to have  
been saved, about sixty millions of dollars.

An excuse—a mere pretext for this gross  
mismanagement of our finances—is that a  
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vent an inflation of the currency, that there  
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South side Green Street, two doors below the Customhouse.

W. E. HUGHES, State Printer.

THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1863.

## CITY NEWS.

**Colonel Marc Mundy, Commandant of this Post, has rooms at the Louisville Hotel, where strangers going South, arriving after office hours, and entitled to passes, may obtain them at seven o'clock A. M., in time to take the morning trains. No passes, however, will be given by the Commandant of the Post at his hotel to others than those arriving after office hours.**

**POST PROCEEDINGS.—Wednesday, June 24.—Sam. Stafford, a very aged man, ninety years of age. He was sent to the poorhouse.**

Wm. Lyle was arrested for being drunk, &c. He was running wild about the United States Hotel. He certainly does not know the city ways; \$100 to keep quiet for six months.

Dan McLaughlin and Geo. Rollinson, own bond, for fighting; sent before the grand jury.

A continued case against Martin Luther Noyes, stealing \$115 from Van Lee, of Nashville; discharged.

Stephen Atkinson, shooting at some one unknown, and being very drunk. A nice example for a military gentleman, and more shame for an officer in the army. It was proof that he is not in the service. He had better take his traps off; examination waived.

Ellen Holton, running around loose and being drunk, having got out of the workhouse on yesterday.

Am Morris, alias McKay, drunk and disorderly conduct; on a visit down town, and thought she would whip the neighbor before she left. An officer stepped in and presented her this morning; bonds in \$100 for sixty days; workhouse.

**RETURNED.—The expedition, consisting of about three hundred men, under Major Faris and Ltent. Brown, that started down the river a few days ago for the purpose of intercepting Hines and his men at Leavenworth, if they attempted to retreat into Kentucky, returned to the city yesterday "without the loss of a man." They report all quiet along the Ohio, and that the excitement has somewhat quieted down. Another invasion of Hoosier is not likely to occur soon, for the boys on that side of the river know how to treat rebels whenever they feel like going over there. Whenever the rebels on this side of the Ohio don't like the way they are treated let them go over in Hoosier, and they'll perhaps meet with a warmer reception.**

**ST. JOHN'S DAY.—This great Masonic holiday was fitly celebrated yesterday by the Masons of this city. A grand picnic was given at Six mile Island, where, in music and dancing and in other sports, the day was most pleasantly spent, notwithstanding the disagreeable appearance of the weather. At night a large audience of ladies and gentlemen assembled in Masonic Temple, and were addressed by Rev. G. C. Lorimer on subjects suitable to the occasion. After the lecture a ball was given in the hall, where those so inclined enjoyed themselves to a very late hour.**

**BROKE JAIL.—Some time ago a celebrated negro thief, named Jim Bodine, was arrested and put in jail, where he has been ever since. Yesterday several of the inmates of the jail were engaged in washing it out. Jim was sent to carry water for them, and it is thought every time he went out he made some additional arrangement toward aiding him in his escape. He went out about four o'clock and did not return. Search was made, and it was discovered that Jim had effected his escape from the jail, since which time he has not been heard of.**

**A steamboat coming up from Vicksburg the other day, a soldier stepped aboard on the way and asked for free passage to this city. The Captain asked, "What is your rank in the army, sir?" "I'm a private in the Third Kentucky, sir." "Give me your hand, for d— if you ain't the first private that I have seen for a month!" There was a scatter among the one-horse Majors and Colonels about that time.**

**We understand that the Board of Trade, now numbering over two hundred members, is making vigorous exertions to procure the removal of certain restrictions that have heretofore existed in the trade of this city. C. M. Wheat, Esq., has been elected secretary and treasurer, and it is understood will devote his entire time and attention to the business of the association.**

**NEW CHIEF OF POLICE.—At the meeting of the Council last night Mayor Kaye sent in the nomination of Richard O. Priest as Chief of Police. Mr. P. has been a member of the city police for a number of years, and is fully posted as to the duties of the office, and we have no doubt will prove a very efficient chief.**

**THE FOLLOWING is a list of the names of rebel prisoners who were captured in and about Leavenworth, Ind., and brought to this city yesterday and placed in the military prison: Geo. Hashman, Wm. Shaefer, Richard Vanaster, Wm. Cannon, Alf. McBride, A. G. Montgomery and Alex Edmonson.**

**NOR.—A paragraph appeared in our paper yesterday, stating that Charlie Rogers, the notorious "diamond thief," was caught in Cincinnati. It is not so; neither Rogers nor Beckman has been captured. A large sum is offered for the apprehension of the thieves.**

**MALE HIGH SCHOOL.—The society of the Alumni will meet this afternoon, at 4 o'clock, at the Principal's office. Commencement exercises at Masonic Temple to-morrow evening. A. S. Willis, Esq., delivers the address to the Alumni.**

**YESTERDAY was an unusually dull day in the city. We have seldom seen the streets in such a quiet condition. Business was alive as usual, though there was not as much done as should have been. Items of importance were scarce.**

**THEATER.—Tom Carey's benefit last night was very well attended. To night two splendid pieces are offered: "What is that glitter is not gold?" and "Swiss Cottage." To-morrow night Mr. Geo. Fuller is to have a benefit.**

**ALL the Nashville trains now go well armed and equipped for emergencies. We to the rebels in any moderate force that now attempt interference with them.**

**LOOK OUT!—Some cut-looking chap is in the city circulating counterfeit \$5 notes on the Bank of Cockeckie, which are first-rate counterfeits. Several were passed Tuesday.**

**LOST.—A plain black silk sack was lost on the return train from the T. B. C. picnic. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Geo. Blanchard & Bro's.**

**THE LAST.—Why are legal tenders like bullfrogs? Because they are greenbacks! Col. Mundy sent the author of the above through the lines.**

**WE learn by private letter that the rebels are about to attack Bowlinggreen. We guess they won't hurt it much!**

**THE train came in from Nashville on time last evening. All quiet on the route.**

**The exhibition of the Female High School will take place this evening at the Masonic Temple. The vast hall will be crowded as usual. Eleven young ladies—the entire first grade—will read their essays. The exercises will be enlivened by vocal and instrumental music by the pupils of the school, under the charge of Professor Whipple. The young ladies entitled to their parchments are the Misses Morris, Bell, Beardley, Colling, Graham, Dennis, Overall, Seymour, Waller, Montgomery and Palmer.**

**We were present during the public examination of these young ladies, and were much pleased with the evidence of sound scholarship and earnest thought displayed. We hope they will make great efforts to be heard by the hundreds of auditors who will eagerly crowd the hall.**

**Louisville is justly proud of her public schools. The system is being gradually perfected, and we learn that it is the intention of the present Board of Trustees to render them still more worthy universal patronage.**

**So far, we know, there is no city in the West that can boast of a High School each in separate buildings. Under this arrangement, with schools as well arranged as ours, the public schools offer advantages to youth of both sexes not excelled in the State, and entirely free from the objections urged against mixed schools. We learn that about one hundred young ladies have already offered themselves to the examination for admission.**

**On Tuesday one of the enrolling officers in the county paid a visit to the plantation of a worthy German, who didn't (want to) understand the English language when asked his name, but, on the contrary, pitched into the enrolling officer and drove him from the premises, much to the satisfaction of his wife, who seemed delighted. Later, in the evening four or five of Capt. Hare's men went out and there was a general stampede among wood-choppers, negroes, &c., who were out in the woods with "the boss." The guards surrounded the whole party and took the man prisoner. His wife seemed more highly pleased than before, exclaiming as he bid her, as he thought, a farewell forever, "Das is right; you cot no pizzess tell us" under my roof for six months.**

**Concluded. Come one! Come all!**

**W. M. JACKSON HEAD.**

**HON. NAT. WOLFE,**

**Candidate for Congress in this district, will speak at the following times and places:**

**Wednesday evening, Saturday, June 27.—Lebanon Junction, Monday, June 29.—New Market, Wednesday July 1.—Lexington, Thursday, July 2.—Elizabethtown, Friday, July 3.—Boston, Saturday, July 4.—Huntington, Church, Tuesday, July 7.—Peter Miller's, Wednesday, July 8.—Elizabethtown, Thursday, July 9.—Blowfield, Friday, July 10.—Mount Eden, Saturday, July 11.—Taylorsville, Monday, July 13.—Shelbyville, Tuesday, July 14.—Christiansburg, Wednesday, July 15.—Harrisonburg, Thursday, July 16.—Sulphur Well, Saturday, July 18.—Glenville, Monday, July 20.—Lebanon, Tuesday, July 21.—Huntington, Wednesday, July 22.—Lee's barbecue, on Little Brush creek, on Thursday, July 23.—Breckinridge, Meeting House, Saturday, July 25.—White Oak, Monday, July 27.—Pine Point, Tuesday, July 28.—Minionville, Wednesday, July 29.—Minto, Thursday, July 30.—Middlebury, Friday, July 31.—West Chesterfield, Saturday, August 1.**

**Mr. Aaron Hardin, the Administration invited is invited to attend, and divide time, speaking hour about; and if he wants to be absent, running my back track as far as he can, he can add his orator—Jo. Chandler, Esq., who voted against paying dividends on stocks, &c., now as well as my position—or, Senator Rigney and Peiley, or orator Bolling, who, in his speech for Mr. Hardin, said it was all right to fight the free negroes of North and the negroes of the South in our country.**

**I want all my friends—aye, the whole people—to meet me at these appointments. I have been greatly misrepresented and slandered. Come one! Come all!**

**W. M. JACKSON HEAD.**

**HON. NAT. WOLFE,**

**Candidate for Congress in this district, will speak at the following times and places, viz:**

**Lockport, Wednesday, June 24.—Port Royal, Thursday, June 25.—Campbellsville, Friday, June 26.**

**Speaking will commence at 1 o'clock, P. M.**

**LOCAL NOTICES.**

**JOB PRINTING.**

**The Job Department in the Democratic Office is now ready for all kinds of printing. Bills, Circulars, Cards, Posters, &c., printed at the shortest possible notice, and at prices to suit the times.**

**SCOTT, KEEN & CO., corner Sixth and Main streets, have just received a large and select stock of fine clothing and furnishing goods.**

**F. H. HEGAN, (Old house of Hegn & Scott), Manufacturer of Gilt Work and Dealer in French and American Window-Glass, Wall Paper, Looking-Glasses, Photograph and Gilt Type Materials.**

**PARTICULARLY ATTENDED TO THE PREPARATION OF THE GILT WORK AND DEALER IN FRENCH AND AMERICAN WINDOW-Glass, WALL PAPER, LOOKING-Glasses, PHOTOGRAPH AND GILT TYPE MATERIALS.**

**J. C. SPENCER requests the attention of buyers to his sale at 4 o'clock this afternoon of two three story brick store-houses on Bullitt, near Water street. The dwelling house, corner of Jefferson and Jackson streets, is withdrawn from sale.**

**STEAMBOAT FIRED INTO.—On Tuesday morning the steamer Minerva was passing the head of Blue River island, near Leavenworth, when fired two rounds of musketry at her, and ordered her to stop. The Captain of the boat, thinking they were guerrillas, ordered the engineer to "let her out," which he did, and the Home Guards fired upon her again. This was smooth-bore gun on the boat, loaded for the purpose of shooting a turtle, and one of the men on the boat, taking the gun, fired it, killing it, said a man in the company named George W. Vaughn.**

**KENTUCKY VICTORIOUS.—At the match game, played on Saturday afternoon last, at the foot of Eighth street, Cincinnati, between the Kentucky Town-ball Club, of Newport, and the Excelsior Club, of Cincinnati, the former came off victorious, winning every inning, and beating the Excelsior sixty-seven points.**

**"TOOK IT."—The young lady who didn't like to take the oath Tuesday, went away with tears in her eyes, went back yesterday to Capt. Holdier with her eyes bright with joy, a farewell forever, "Das is right; you cot no pizzess tell us" under my roof for six months.**

**Mr. C. C. Spencer requests the attention of buyers to his sale at 4 o'clock this afternoon of two three story brick store-houses on Bullitt, near Water street. The dwelling house, corner of Jefferson and Jackson streets, is withdrawn from sale.**

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**INSURANCE.**  
**STATEMENT**  
OF THE CONDITION OF  
**THE PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY,**

ON THE 1ST DAY OF JUNE, 1863.

MADE TO THE AUDITOR OF THE STATE OF KENTUCKY, in compliance with an act entitled "An act to regulate Agents of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved May 10, 1862.

NAME AND LOCATION.

1st. The name of the Company is The Phenix Insurance Company, and is located at Hartford, Connecticut.

CAPITAL.

2d. The amount of its Capital Stock is \$1,000,000.00

3d. The amount of its Capital Stock paid in is \$600,000.00 ASSETS.

4th. The assets of the Company are as follows:

Cash on hand and in Bank... \$1,000,000.00

Claims and notes, and in course of transmission... 31,000.00

Bills receivable for loans, secured by personal and collateral security... 12,000.00

Dr. in Bank, from the Mortgagors of Real Estate... 10,000.00

Real Estate & unclaimed... 17,000.00

Stocks and Bonds, as follows:

Common Stock, \$100 par... 50,000.00

Preferred Stock, \$100 par... 50,000.00

Metropolitan Bank Stock, New York... 10,000.00

Merchants' Bank Stock, New York... 20,000.00

First National Bank Stock, New York... 10,000.00

Second National Bank Stock, New York... 10,000.00

Third National Bank Stock, New York... 5,000.00

Fourth National Bank Stock, Hartford... 30,000.00

Hartford... 20,000.00

Windsor... 20,000.00

Chicago... 20,000.00

St. Louis... 20,000.00

Albany... 20,000.00

Baltimore... 20,000.00

Philadelphia... 20,000.00

Boston... 20,000.00

Montgomery... 20,000.00

Charleston... 20,000.00

Mobile... 20,000.00

San Francisco... 50,000.00

Seattle... 5,000.00

Portland... 5,000.00

San Jose... 5,000.00

Los Angeles... 5,000.00

San Francisco... 5,000.00

Seattle... 5,000.00

Portland... 5,000.00

San Jose... 5,000.00

Los Angeles... 5,000.00

Seattle... 5,000.00

Portland... 5,000.00

San Jose... 5,000.00

Seattle... 5,000.00

Portland... 5,000.00

San Jose

# Daily Democrat.

CARLYLE.—An American, recently in England, gives the following interesting sketch of Carlyle:

Whilst he engaged Mr. P. in conversation, I had a good opportunity for studying the characteristics of this remarkable man. Tall and almost slender, contrary to my expectations, with a long, thin face, and a countenance which, when smiling, betokens, with a magnificent brow overarching a blue eye, that suggests a tenderness which nowhere else appears in his manner or conversation, but which one can imagine to be inherent with him. The smile, when strong, is grand, with a short beard and moustache, giving an impression of granite on the lower face; with a light and ruddy color, which overpasses the face with deep shades during conversation, with a voice which, though grave, is full of energy, and a twinkle with a habit of bursting out into long and almost convulsive laughter, which often ended in a fit of coughing, with nervous movements of fingers and shoulders, indicating strongly of cordwifery; with a weak, unequal gait, and a constant weariness of the body.

Carlyle seemed to me one of the most fearless and fascinating of all the men I have ever seen.

Hints to Louisa. Joes Express 1860 from Haver State.—As soon as the pines are consumed, shake off the veil of decay which has so disguised you from your lover, and show your husband all your mortal deformity.

Having shown him the bright side of your character, while you were endeavoring to show that it was not all beauty, and in spite of your dearest traits in a brash life will be certain to feel Lord Bacon's seven additional years as soon prophesied. Believe that now life has no care! With your maid-servant, who looks off at you with a gentle smile and watchful diligence, Your husband is the scapegoat of all your sins and peccadilles, and is slightly responsible for them. Do not neglect these privileges. Your principal business now is to adorn yourself, and to make your husband's eyes overflow with admiration. The richest clothes become you, or, if plain, such the mere need of helps to beauty. Never hesitate about obtaining any article on account of the expense—that is but a small amount when weighed against the value of the fascinante, especially if your husband has an account at the store.

The house is the sum of the least possible interest to you, although it may result in depriving you of your spoons.

Sale of Land and Negroes.—The property of John Smith, deceased, near Clintonville, Bourbon county, was publicly sold on Tuesday last, by J. B. Donaldson, auctioneer. The land and negroes brought the following prices:

17 acres of land, per acre, \$7.50

1 negro boy, 22 years old, \$35.00

1 negro girl, same age, \$35.00

1 woman with two small children, \$85.00

1 girl 11 years old, \$50.00

1 girl 8 " " 30.00

1 girl 4 " " 20.00

1 girl 3 " " 15.00

1 boy 2 " " 10.00

1 boy 1 " " 5.00

1 boy 1 " " 5.00